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The record thus far is as follows:

	Cases.	Deaths.
<i>Djeddah.</i>		
January 8-February 24.....	85	81
February 25-March 4.....	62	59
March 5-10.....	35	35
March 11-17.....	29	26
March 18-23.....	43	43
<i>Mecca.</i>		
March 7.....	1	1
March 17.....	1	1
March 21.....	1	
	257	246

The cases that occurred at Mecca contracted the disease at Djeddah and were not among the caravans of pilgrims. The epidemic has been almost wholly limited to the native population of Djeddah.

Many pilgrims, accompanied by sanitary officers, have already returned to Damascus, and no cases of plague have occurred on steamships carrying returning pilgrims to Mediterranean and Russian ports. Two pilgrims, returning by sea to India, were landed at Aden with plague contracted at Djeddah. One died and the other recovered. They were on separate ships.

Negotiations are being renewed by the International Sanitary Board for the purchase of land suitable for the establishment of a quarantine station at Bassorah.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—UNTABULATED.

ARGENTINA—*Buenos Aires*.—Month of January, 1907. Estimated population, 1,088,658. Total number of deaths 1,520, including diphtheria 10, enteric fever 29, measles 11, scarlet fever 7, smallpox 7, whooping cough 5, and 178 from tuberculosis.

BRAZIL—State of Sao Paulo, including the cities of *Sao Paulo*, *Santos*, and *Campinas*.—Week ended February 24, 1907. Estimated population, 300,000. Total number of deaths 147, including measles 2, whooping cough 1, leprosy 1, enteric fever 1, and 17 from tuberculosis.

Para.—Month of December, 1906. Estimated population, 177,000. Total number of deaths, 252, including enteric fever 1, smallpox 1, whooping cough 2, yellow fever 12, plague 7, malarial fever 37, and 26 from tuberculosis.

Pernambuco.—Two weeks ended February 15, 1907. Estimated population, 210,000. Total number of deaths, 307, including enteric fever 5, smallpox 64, beriberi 2, plague 3, whooping cough 1, and 38 from tuberculosis.

CANADA—*Ontario—Hamilton*.—Month of March, 1907. Estimated population, 63,000. Total number of deaths, 85, including diphtheria 1 and 6 from tuberculosis.

Quebec—Sherbrooke.—Month of March, 1907. Estimated population, 14,000. Total number of deaths, 23, including 3 from tuberculosis.

COSTA RICA, Republic of.—Year ended December 31, 1906. Estimated population, 341,590. Total number of deaths, 8,417, including diphtheria 6, enteric fever 65, measles 6, scarlet fever 7, yellow fever 2, whooping cough 180, and 299 from tuberculosis.

DUTCH GUIANA—*Paramaribo*.—Month of February, 1907. Estimated population, 34,085. Total number of deaths, 85. No contagious diseases reported. Malarial fever prevalent.

FRANCE—*Cannes*.—Month of February, 1907. Estimated population, 35,000. Deaths from contagious diseases were as follows: Enteric fever 1, smallpox 1, and 6 from tuberculosis.

Toulon.—Month of February, 1907. Estimated population, 104,000. Total number of deaths, 234, including diphtheria 2 and scarlet fever 1.

GIBRALTAR.—Two weeks ended March 24, 1907. Estimated population, 27,385. Total number of deaths, 24. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended March 23, 1907, correspond to an annual rate of 16.8 per 1,000 of population, which is estimated at 16,024,458.

London.—One thousand four hundred and eighty-three deaths were registered during the week, including measles 29, scarlet fever 6, diphtheria 12, enteric fever 6, whooping cough 36, and 15 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 16.3 per 1,000. In Greater London 2,096 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 5 from diphtheria, 4 from measles, 2 from scarlet fever, and 12 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended March 23, 1907, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 23 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,117,547. The lowest rate was recorded in Wexford, viz, 4.7, and the highest in Galway, viz, 62.1 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 174 deaths were registered, including diphtheria 1, measles 3, whooping cough 7, and 37 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended March 23, 1907, correspond to an annual rate of 20.6 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,812,171. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Aberdeen, viz, 14.9, and the

highest in Glasgow, viz, 24.1 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 715, including diphtheria 6, enteric fever 6, measles 4, and 33 from whooping cough.

JAPAN—*Formosa*.—Month of February, 1907. Estimated population, 3,050,004. Total number of deaths not reported. Five deaths from enteric fever, 1 from diphtheria, and 175 from plague reported.

MALTA.—Two weeks ended March 9, 1907. Estimated population, 205,059. Total number of deaths, 181, including 1 from diphtheria.

OCEANICA—*Society Islands, Tahiti*.—Five weeks ended March 24, 1907. Estimated population, 4,000. Total number of deaths, 7, including 1 from tuberculosis.

PHILIPPINES—*Manila*.—Quarter ended December 31, 1906. Estimated population, 219,941. Total number of deaths of residents, 1,934, including cholera 29, enteric fever 6, leprosy 18, and 321 from tuberculosis. The number of deaths occurring among transients was 70, including cholera 1, enteric fever 1, and 11 from tuberculosis.

ST. HELENA.—Five weeks ended March 9, 1907. Estimated population, 3,500. Total number of deaths, 3. No deaths from contagious diseases.

SPAIN—*Barcelona*.—Ten days ended March 20, 1907. Estimated population, 600,000. Total number of deaths, 331, including diphtheria 8, enteric fever 6, measles 1, scarlet fever 1, smallpox 10, and 36 from tuberculosis.

SWITZERLAND.—Week ended March 16, 1907. Reports from 18 cities, having an aggregate population of 867,056, show as follows: Total number of deaths, 345, including diphtheria 6, enteric fever 1, measles 5, and 45 from tuberculosis.

WEST INDIES—*Curaçao*.—Two weeks ended March 29, 1907. Estimated population, 31,600. Total number of deaths, 9. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

St. Christopher.—Two weeks ended March 23, 1907. Estimated population, 49,289. Total number of deaths, 54, including 2 from tuberculosis.

St. Thomas.—Three weeks ended March 15, 1907. Estimated population, 11,012. Total number of deaths 34, including 5 from tuberculosis.